APUSH

UNIT ONE

Period 1 & 2

 1491-1754

*The Columbian Exchange to Colonial Times*

*PERIOD ONE TIMELINE*

*1491-1607*

**1000**

• Leif Ericson explores the east coast of North America

**1215**

• The Magna Carta document is adopted in England

**1492**

• October 12 – Christopher Columbus makes his first voyage to the New World

**1497**

• John Cabot of England explores the Atlantic coast of Canada

**1513**

• Ponce de Leon of Spain lands in Florida

**1517**

• Martin Luther launches the Protestant Reformation in Europe

**1519**

• Hernando Cortes conquers the Aztec empire

**1519-1522**

• Ferdinand Magellan and his crew are the first people to sail around the world

**1524**

• Giovanni da Varrazano explores the Carolina area, Hudson River, Narragansett Bay, and Nova Scotia

**1541**

• Hernando de Soto of Spain discovers the Mississippi River

**1565**

• St. Augustine, the first permanent colony in Florida by the Spanish

**1585**

• Roanoke Island settled by Sir Walter Raleigh

**1590**

• Roanoke colony vanishes, leaving only “Croaton” carved on a tree

**1606**

• The London Company sponsors a colonizing expedition to Virginia

*PERIOD TWO TIMELINE*

*1607-1754*

**1607**

• Jamestown is founded in Virginia by the colonists of the London Company

**1609**

• Henry Hudson explores North America from Hudson River to Albany

• Tobacco planted in Virginia

**1616**

• Tobacco becomes an export staple for Virginia

• A smallpox epidemic among New England Native Americans

**1619**

• Virginia House of Burgesses convenes in Jamestown

• Slavery begins in Colonial America

**1620**

• November 9 -- Mayflower lands at Cape Cod, Massachusetts

• November 11 -- Mayflower Compact is signed

**1630**

• March -- John Winthrop and Puritans move to Massachusetts Bay

• September – Boston is established

**1634**

• Maryland established

**1636**

• June -- Roger Williams founds Providence and Rhode Island

• Harvard College founded

**1638**

• Anne Hutchinson is banished from Massachusetts

**1652**

• Rhode Island enacts the first law in the colonies declaring slavery illegal

**1662**

• The Half-way covenant enacted

**1663**

• Carolina established

• Navigation Act of 1663

**1664**

• The Dutch New Netherland colony becomes English New York

• Maryland passes a law making lifelong servitude for black slaves mandatory

**1673**

• Dutch military forces retake New York from the British

• British Navigation Act

**1674**

• The Treaty of Westminster

**1675**

• King Philip’s War

• Bacon’s rebellion

**1681**

• Pennsylvania founded by William Penn, a Quaker 1682

• French explorer La Salle explores the lower Mississippi Valley region 1685

• King James II takes over Britain

• Edict of Nantes revoked

**1689**

• April -- New England Governor Andros jailed by rebellious colonists in Boston

• July -- the English government orders Andros to be returned to England to stand trial

**1690**

• King William’s War begins

**1692**

• May – Salem witch trials

**1696**

• April – Navigation Act

**1697**

• September – Treaty of Ryswick ends King William’s War

**1701**

• July - French establish a settlement at Detroit

• October -- Yale College is founded in Connecticut

**1702**

• Queen Anne’s War in the colonies

• In Maryland, the Anglican Church is established as the official church

**1705**

• Virginia Black Code

• New York assigns the death penalty for runaway slaves caught over 40 miles north of Albany

• Massachusetts declares marriage between African Americans and whites to be illegal

**1710**

• Post Office Act

**1711**

• Tuscarora Indian War

**1712**

• May -- Carolina colony is divided into North Carolina and South Carolina

• June -- Pennsylvania assembly bans the import of slaves into that colony

**1713**

• Queen Anne’s War ends with the Treaty of Utrecht

**1718**

• New Orleans is founded by the French

**1730**

• Baltimore is founded in the Maryland colony

**1732**

• June -- Georgia, the 13th English colony, is founded

**1733**

• Molasses Act

**1734**

• November -- John Peter Zenger is arrested

• December -- Great Awakening religious revival movement

**1750**

• Iron Act

**1751**

 • Currency Act